

LESSON TEN – PSALMS 114-124

Day One (Psalms 114-115)

- Which of the following statements best sums up the message in Psalm 114?
 - Israel is delivered from Egypt.
 - God is praised for delivering Israel from Egypt and guiding them into the promised land.
 - God is praised for Israel's deliverance from Egypt and sustenance in the wilderness wandering.
- What two events of God parting the waters are alluded to in Psalm 114?
- In Psalm 114, men should tremble at the presence of God because of His (a) Omnipotence (all powerful) (b) Omniscience (all knowing) (c) Omnipresence (in all places).
- In Psalm 115, what clues are given that show that Israel's praise for God is given at a time of defeat and consequent suffering?
- Explain how the idol makers become "like unto them" (v. 8).
- Why are Israel, the house of Aaron, and they who fear Jehovah separately mentioned as needing to trust in Jehovah?
- What has God given to the children of men?
- From what perspective is the phrase, "the dead praise not Jehovah..." given?

Day Two (Psalms 116-118)

- In Psalm 116, why does the writer love Jehovah?
- "_____ is Jehovah, and _____; yea our God is _____."
- What statement was made at a time when the psalmist was troubled? Was it true?
- What will the psalmist render unto Jehovah for God's goodness toward him?
- "_____ in the sight of _____ is the _____ of His _____."

6. In Psalm 117, what *two reasons* are given for the nations praising Jehovah?
7. In Psalm 118, why does the psalmist not fear the encompassing enemy?
8. What day is from Jehovah, or of Jehovah's doing?
9. Why is the psalmist offering sacrifice?

Day Three (Psalms 119:1-96)

1. How does one become perfect or upright in the way?
2. In order to be blessed by God's law, one must _____ God's law?
3. What allows the young man to remain pure?
4. "Thy _____ have I _____ up in my _____ that I might not _____ against thee."
5. What *three signs* of delight in God's law are manifested in verses 12-16?
6. In verses 17-24, what *three trying circumstances* cause many to fall away?
7. What does keeping God's word have to do with prayer for strength and renewed life?
8. Turning away from God's ways, we will behold _____.
9. What is one blessing that comes when you speak from God's Word?
10. God's word _____ in the day of sorrow gives one _____.
11. "I have _____ thine ordinances of _____ O Jehovah, and have _____ myself."
12. In verses 57-64, give the expressions that manifest fellowship with:
 - (a). God
 - (b). Man

13. Explain why it is good to be afflicted.
14. In verses 73-80, what blessing do you provide others when you hope in God's Word?
15. In verses 81-88, what *two things* make the persecution especially trying to one's faith?
16. What observation helps us to have faith in the surety of God's Word?
17. After viewing the boundaries of perfection, how does God's Word compare?
18. "For _____ O Jehovah thy _____ is _____ in heaven."

Day Four (Psalms 119:97-176)

1. What action can we take that will assure that God's Word will always be with us?
2. What attitude must we have toward God's Word before it will help us?
3. What must you do before you can ever follow the light of God's statutes?
4. In verses 113-120, what is the hated "double mind"?
5. What does making void the law cause God to do?
6. "Therefore I _____ thy _____ concerning all _____ to be _____ and I _____ every _____ way."
7. In verses 129-136, what two phrases show the INTENSITY connected with a positive attitude toward God's word and a negative one?
8. In verses 137-144, why is a righteous God and Word important to the writer?
9. "_____ art Thou O Jehovah, and _____ are thy judgments."
10. In verses 145-152, what *three points* establish the writer's "consistency" in developing a knowledge of God's Word that helps him face his troubles?

11. In verses 153-160 what two things does the psalmist want God to consider about him personally?
12. What equality does God's Word possess that causes it to endure forever?
13. In verses 161-168, what *two qualities* or characteristics make the Word of God valuable and praiseworthy?
14. In verses 169-176, what are *three important results* that should encourage us to teach the Word?

Day Five (Psalms 120-124)

1. In Psalm 120, what had God done when the psalmist cried?
2. What was it like to dwell among the slanderers?
3. In Psalm 121, why can we count on God to keep us at all times?
4. In Psalm 122, what is the writer's attitude toward going to Jerusalem for worship?
5. Explain why Jerusalem is described as a city that is "compact together."
6. For what does the psalmist pray on behalf of Jerusalem?
7. In Psalm 123, what does the writer do to overcome contempt of the proud?
8. From what two perspectives is Psalm 124 written?
9. "Our _____ is in the _____ of _____; who made _____ and _____."

Class Study: Psalm 119

OUTLINE:

- I. **SYNONYMS FOR GOD'S PRAISEWORTHY REVELATION:**
 - A. Law (v. 1)
 - B. Testimonies (v. 2)
 - C. Commandments (v.6)

- D. Precepts (v.4)
- E. Word (v. 9)
- F. Ways (v.3)
- G. Truth (v.142)
- H. Judgments (Ordinances) (v. 7,13)
- I. Statutes (v. 5)

II. WHY GOD’S WORD SHOULD BE PRAISED

- A. Brings blessings to the obedient (v. 1-8)
- B. Keeps the way of youth pure (v. 9-16)
- C. Provides counsel for overcoming reproach (v. 17-24)
- D. Provides strength in trial (v. 25-32)
- E. Provides profitable guidance (v. 33-40)
- F. Strengthen the voice to speak (v. 41-48)
- G. Provides comfort in sorrow (v. 49-56)
- H. Medium of fellowship with God and Man (v. 57-64)
- I. A valuable help in affliction (v. 65-72)
- J. Creates confidence in asking for comfort (v. 73-80)
- K. Creates steadfastness when driven to the edge (v. 81-88)
- L. Provides foundation for faith (89-96)
- M. Becomes a delight in our life (v. 97-104)
- N. Provides a light for our pilgrimage (v. 105-112)
- O. Upholds the upright character (v. 113-120)
- P. Provides hope in oppression (v. 121-128)
- Q. Provides light for the soul (v. 129-136)
- R. Reveals a righteous God (v. 137-144)
- S. Allows God to be close (v. 145-152)
- T. Provides life (v. 153-160)
- U. Contains great wealth (v. 161-168)
- V. Is a perfect law (v. 169-176).

CLASS DISCUSSION

1. What are “Aleph,” “Beth” and “Gimel?”
2. What accounts for 176 verses in Psalm 119?
3. Psalm 119 is a combination of praise and _____.

4. MATCH THE SYNONYMS OF GOD’S REVELATION WITH THE PROPER CONCEPT:

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| (a). Testimonies | (1). To appoint or attend to proper conduct |
| (b). Precepts | (2). General guidance; making straight |
| (c). Law | (3). Discourse – written or spoken |
| (d). Truth | (4). To proceed in a particular direction |
| (e). Judgments | (5). To mark or trace out |
| (f). Statutes | (6). Make steady, settle, constant |
| (g). Way | (7). Bearing witness of God and his Will |
| (h). Commandments | (8). Ordain or order – do’s and don’ts |
| (i). Word | (9). Discern or determine |

5. What kind of heart is constantly commended in regard to God’s Word?

6. List some of the characteristics that point to the “power” of God’s Word?